

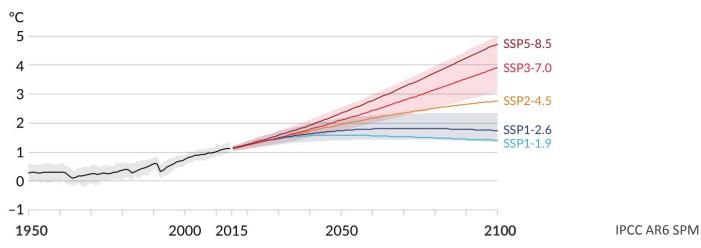
# Separating Uncertainties in Projections of Future Climate – Importance, Lessons, and Solutions

Lukas Brunner | CliMatters Workshop | February 3<sup>rd</sup> 2022

Many thanks to all collaborators!



## Sources of uncertainty in projections of future climate

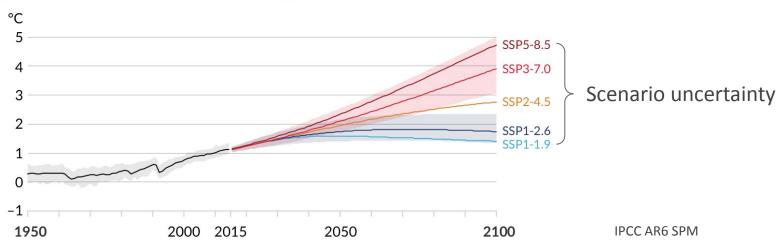


(a) Global surface temperature change relative to 1850–1900





## Sources of uncertainty in projections of future climate

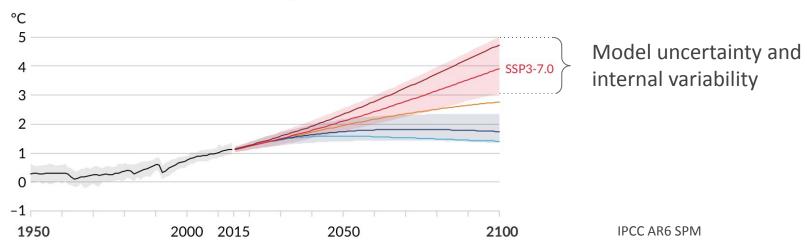


(a) Global surface temperature change relative to 1850–1900





## Sources of uncertainty in projections of future climate



(a) Global surface temperature change relative to 1850–1900





**Interactions between uncertainties** 



#### **Interaction between uncertainties I: robust changes**

The multi-model mean potentially hides the interaction between model uncertainty and internal variability

deleted unpublished figure

> Precipitation change in the period 2081-2100 relative to 1986-2005 (SRES-A2 / RCP8.5 / SSP5-8.5). Brunner et al. (in preparation)





#### **Interaction between uncertainties I: robust changes**

deleted unpublished figure **Robustness** is a combination of the change signal in each model and the difference between models  $\rightarrow$  **Model uncertainty** 

Each model can show significant change  $\rightarrow$  internal variability

Areas with low robustness but high significance are marked as **inconsistent** 

Precipitation change in the period 2081-2100 relative to 1986-2005 (SRES-A2 / RCP8.5 / SSP5-8.5). Brunner et al. (in preparation)





#### Interactions between uncertainties II: some lessons from EUCP

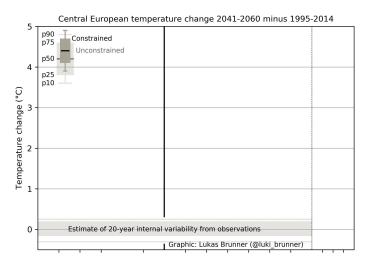
**Challenge:** compare different methods to constrain uncertainty in future changes

#### <sup>8</sup>Comparing Methods to Constrain Future European Climate Projections Using a Consistent Framework<sup>®</sup>

Lukas Brunner,<sup>a</sup> Carol McSweeney,<sup>b</sup> Andrew P. Ballinger,<sup>c</sup> Daniel J. Befort,<sup>d</sup> Marianna Benassi,<sup>e</sup> Ben Booth,<sup>b</sup> Erika Coppola,<sup>f</sup> Hylke de Vries,<sup>g</sup> Glen Harris,<sup>b</sup> Gabriele C. Hegerl,<sup>c</sup> Reto Knutti,<sup>a</sup> Geert Lenderink,<sup>g</sup> Jason Lowe,<sup>b</sup> Rita Nogherotto,<sup>f</sup> Chris O'Reilly,<sup>d</sup> Saïd Qasmi,<sup>h</sup> Aurélien Ribes,<sup>h</sup> Paolo Stocchi,<sup>f,i</sup> and Sabine Undorf<sup>e,j</sup>

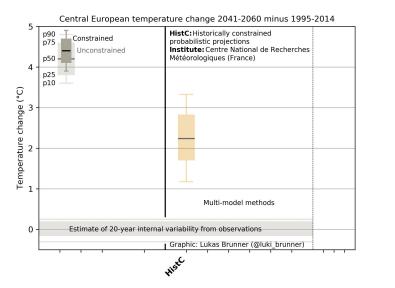






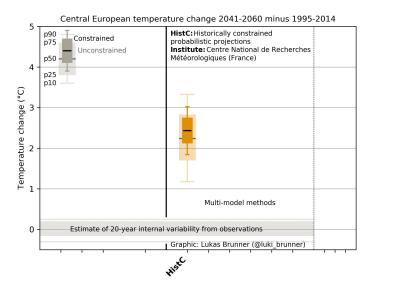






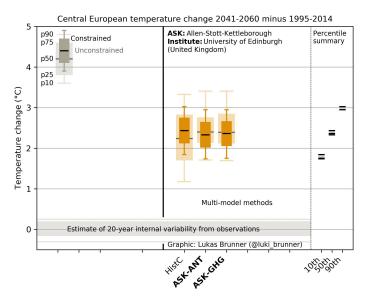






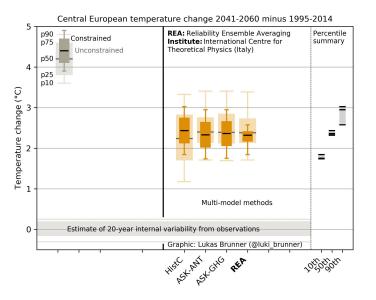










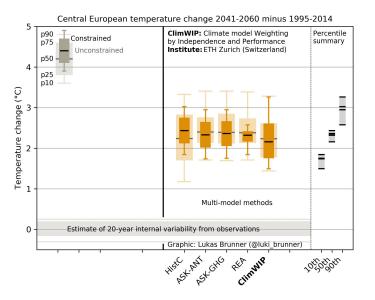


Brunner et al. (2020)



Lukas Brunner et al. | 13



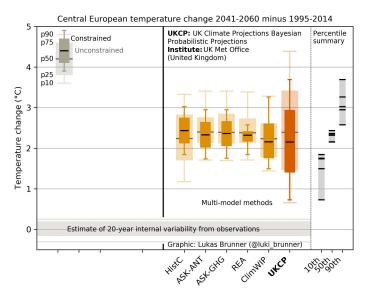


Brunner et al. (2020)



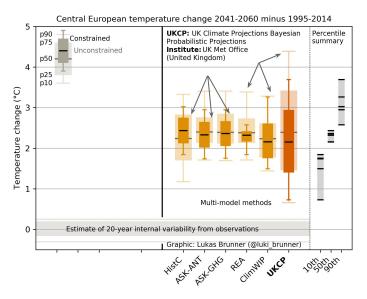
Lukas Brunner et al. | 14











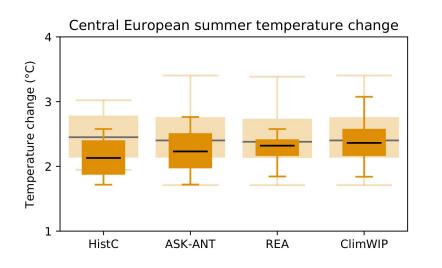
Why are the **unconstrained** projection uncertainties different?

- different models used
- handling of multiple ensemble members
- internal variability included
- parameter uncertainty included
- calculation of percentiles (Gaussian assumption)





## **Consistency versus methods available**

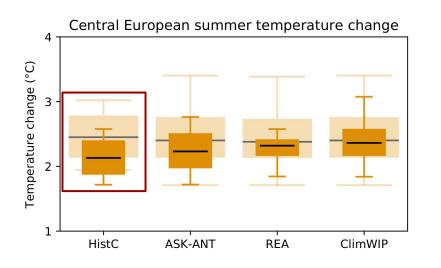


- ✓ same model pool
- ✓ internal variability included
- no parameter uncertainty





## **Consistency versus methods available**



- ✓ same model pool
- ✓ internal variability included
- ✓ no parameter uncertainty
- **x** calculation of percentiles
- separation of internal variability and model uncertainty

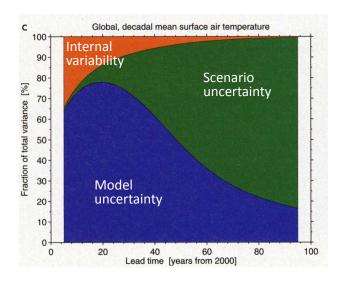




**Separating uncertainties** 



## Fractional contributions to total uncertainty (CMIP3)



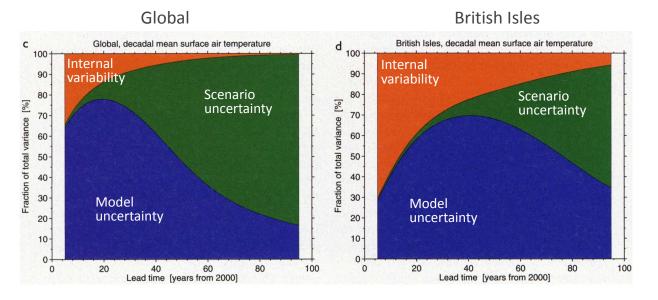
Total uncertainty = Invernal variability + Scenario uncertainty + Model uncertainty

Hawkins and Sutton (2009)





## Fractional contributions to total uncertainty (CMIP3)

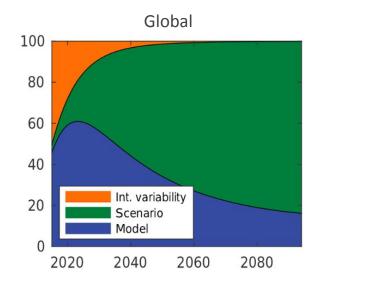


Hawkins and Sutton (2009)





## **Fractional contributions to total uncertainty (CMIP5)**







## **Quantifying method bias using large ensembles**

The model uncertainty for a single model should be zero by definition!

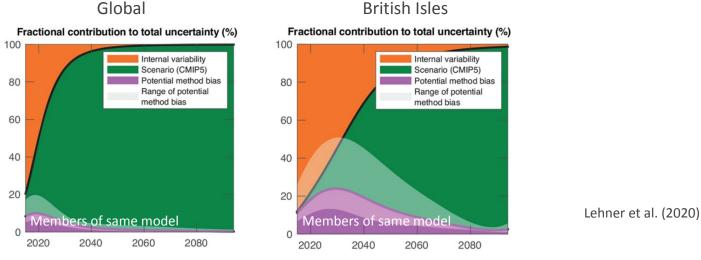
Global Fractional contribution to total uncertainty (%) 100 nternal variability Scenario (CMIP5) Potential method bias 80 Range of potential method bias 60 40 20 Members of same model 0 2020 2040 2060 2080





## Quantifying method bias using large ensembles

The model uncertainty for a single model should be zero by definition!

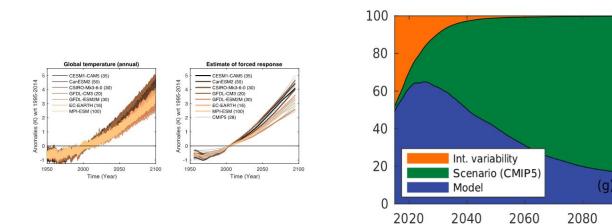


Global





## **Estimating the forced response directly using large ensembles**





Lehner et al. (2020)



#### **Summary and Conclusions**

- 3 main sources of uncertainty in projections of future climate
  - scenario uncertainty
  - model uncertainty
  - internal variability
- Model uncertainty & internal variability can be hard to separate but their interaction is important, e.g., for
  - robustness of future changes
  - consistent comparison of expected changes
- Large ensembles (SMILEs) can help to better quantify the contributions from different sources of uncertainty





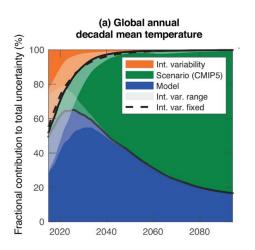
#### Literature

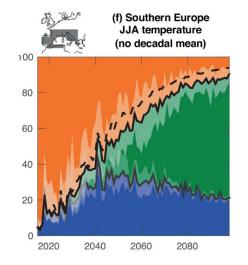
- IPCC, 2021: Summary for Policymakers. In: Climate Change 2021: The Physical Science Basis. Contribution of Working Group I to the Sixth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change [Masson-Delmotte, V., P. Zhai, A. Pirani, S.L. Connors, C. Péan, S. Berger, N. Caud, Y. Chen, L. Goldfarb, M.I. Gomis, M. Huang, K. Leitzell, E. Lonnoy, J.B.R. Matthews, T.K. Maycock, T. Waterfield, O. Yelekçi, R. Yu, and B. Zhou (eds.)]. In Press.
- Brunner, L., McSweeney, C., Ballinger, A. P., Befort, D. J., Benassi, M., Booth, B., Coppola, E., de Vries, H., Harris, G., Hegerl, G. C., Knutti, R., Lenderink, G., Lowe, J., Nogherotto, R., O'Reilly, C., Qasmi, S., Ribes, A., Stocchi, P., & Undorf, S. (2020). Comparing Methods to Constrain Future European Climate Projections Using a Consistent Framework. Journal of Climate, 33(20), 8671–8692. <u>https://doi.org/10.1175/JCLI-D-19-0953.1</u>
- Hawkins, E., & Sutton, R. (2009). The Potential to Narrow Uncertainty in Regional Climate Predictions. Bulletin of the American Meteorological Society, 90(8), 1095–1108. <u>https://doi.org/10.1175/2009BAMS2607.1</u>
- Lehner, F., Deser, C., Maher, N., Marotzke, J., Fischer, E. M., Brunner, L., Knutti, R., & Hawkins, E. (2020). Partitioning climate projection uncertainty with multiple large ensembles and CMIP5/6. Earth System Dynamics, 11(2), 491–508. https://doi.org/10.5194/esd-11-491-2020





## **Estimating changes in internal variability**



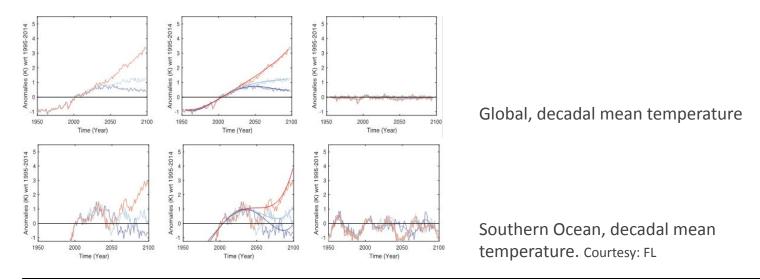






#### **Potential method bias**

Is a 4<sup>th</sup> order polynomial appropriate to estimate the forced response?

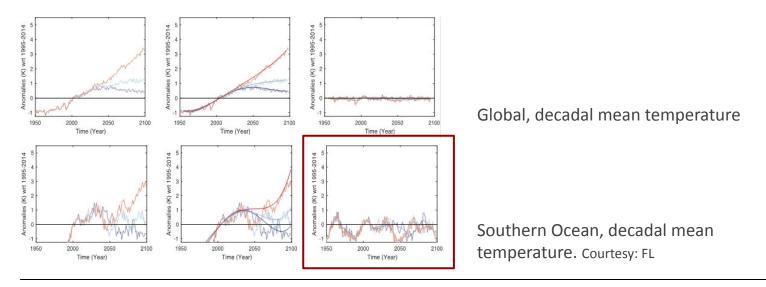






#### **Potential method bias**

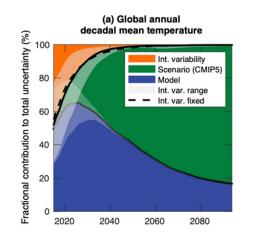
Is a 4<sup>th</sup> order polynomial appropriate to estimate the forced response?







What is the correct value for internal variability?

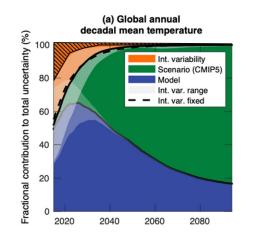


Different models give different estimates of internal variability





What is the correct value for internal variability?

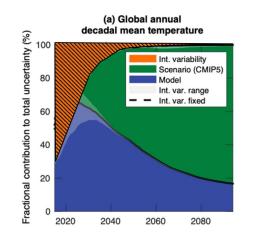


Model with low internal variability (EC-Earth)





What is the correct value for internal variability?

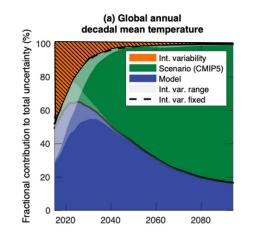


Model with high internal variability (GFDL-CM3)





What is the correct value for internal variability?

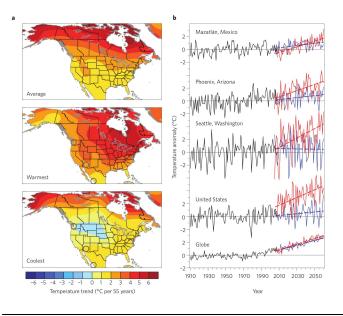


Multi-model mean internal variability





## **Effects of internal variability**



Locally internal variability can lead to differences in trends even within one model

Deser et al. (2012)

